Consolidated Financial Statements of

## CCMBC LEGACY FUND INC.

Year ended December 31, 2022

Table of Contents

Year ended December 31, 2022

## Page

Independent Auditor's Report	1
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	4
Consolidated Statement of Operations	5
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Assets	6
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	7
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	8



Page 1

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Directors of CCMBC Legacy Fund Inc.

## Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of CCMBC Legacy Fund Inc. (the "Entity"), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2022, the consolidated statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies (hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Entity as at December 31, 2022, and its consolidated results of operations and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

## Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "*Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements*" section of our auditor's report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the group Entity to express an opinion on the financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

**Chartered Professional Accountants** 

Winnipeg, Canada \_\_\_\_\_, 2023

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2022, with comparative information for 2021

	202	2	2021
Assets			
Cash Accounts receivable Income tax receivable Other investments (note 4) Mortgage investments (note 3) Prepaid expenses and other assets Due from related parties (note 13) Land held for sale (note 16) Capital assets (note 5) Future tax asset	\$ 8,012,43 167,27 - 74,065,90 63,342,79 254,88 1,230,09 6,981,49 4,005,23 136,00	8 3 1 3 8 2 6	9,134,592 158,947 146,907 68,520,712 71,898,900 239,503 2,249,741 6,963,022 4,156,058 162,478
	\$ 158,196,12	2 \$	163,630,860

## Liabilities, Deferred Contributions and Net Assets

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 7) Income taxes payable	\$	1,118,524 67,987	\$ 500,205 _
Deposit notes (note 8)		30,303,346	31,110,368
Promissory notes (note 9)	1	20,947,139	125,847,166
Due to related party (note 13)		141,832	561,443
Preferred shares (note 10)		630,500	678,500
	1	53,209,328	158,697,682
Deferred contributions: Capital assets (note 11)		2,303,414	2,495,108
Net assets: Unrestricted		2,683,380	2,438,070
Subsequent event (note 16)			
	\$ 1	58,196,122	\$ 163,630,860

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

On behalf of the Governing Board:

\_\_\_\_\_ Director \_\_\_\_\_ Director

Consolidated Statement of Operations

Year ended December 31, 2022, with comparative information for 2021

	2022	2021
Revenue:		
Grants and donations	\$ 70,000	\$ 50,000
Payroll and accounting services (note 13)	249,047	294,026
Rental and property management revenue	383,905	335,148
Mortgage interest (note 3)	3,699,151	3,420,131
Income from other investments	4,159,609	4,216,087
Other interest income	120,597	6,203
Deferred contributions related to capital assets (note 11)	191,694	198,623
Net realized gains on sale of other investments	54,562	118,569
Other revenue	32,126	27,991
	8,960,691	8,666,778
Expenditures:		
Salaries and benefits	1,390,465	1,209,268
Professional fees	243,124	366,301
General and administrative	336,126	223,511
Interest on deposit notes (note 8)	744,607	419,643
Interest on promissory notes (note 9)	3,062,504	1,967,869
Interest on preferred shares (note 10)	6,499	7,161
Investment management fees (note 12)	650,057	676,827
Occupancy	25,166	61,194
Property administration	364,117	208,046
Property taxes	225,425	225,534
Insurance	57,024	61,663
Depreciation	224,784	211,326
Donation to related party (note 13)	<u>996,204</u> 8,326,102	<u>117,570</u> 5,755,913
	0,320,102	3,733,913
Excess of revenue over expenditures before the undernoted	634,589	2,910,865
before the undernoted	034,309	2,910,005
Other income (loss):		
Loss on disposal of capital assets	-	(2,197)
Change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) in		
value of other investments	(1,059,094)	10,263
Recovery of (allowance for) credit losses (note 3)	892,641	(717,380)
	166,453	(709,314)
Excess of revenue over expenditures		
before income taxes	468,137	2,201,551
Income taxes:		
Current	196,354	163,405
Future	26,473	23,619
	222,827	187,024
Excess of revenue over expenditures	\$ 245,310	\$ 2,014,527

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Assets

Year ended December 31, 2022, with comparative information for 2021

	2022	2021
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 2,438,070	\$ 423,543
Excess of revenue over expenditures	245,310	2,014,527
Balance, end of year	\$ 2,683,380	\$ 2,438,070

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

### Year ended December 31, 2022, with comparative information for 2021

	2022	2021
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities:		
Excess of revenue over expenditures \$	245,310	\$ 2,014,527
Adjustments for:		
Net realized gains on sale of other investments	(54,562)	(118,569)
Change in unrealized depreciation (appreciation)		
In value of other investments	1,059,094	(10,263)
Depreciation	224,784	211,326
Deferred contributions related to capital assets	(191,694)	(198,623)
Loss on sale of capital assets	- '	2,197
Amortization of transaction costs (note 9)	155,985	141,912
Allowance for (recovery of) credit losses (note 3)	(892,641)	717,380
Current income taxes	196,354	163,405
Future income taxes	26,473	23,619
Mortgage interest (note 3)	(3,699,151)	(3,420,131)
Interest on deposit notes (note 8)	744,607	419,643
Interest on promissory notes (note 9)	2,906,519	1,825,957
Interest on preferred shares (note 10)	6,499	7,161
Change in non-cash operating working capital:	-,	.,
Accounts receivable	(8,331)	(52,972)
Prepaid expenses	(15,380)	46,738
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	618,323	(121,229)
Due to/from related parties (note 13)	(521,916)	561,443
		, -
Funding of mortgage investments	(3,890,484)	(1,759,551)
Mortgage repayments	13,717,869	7,531,271
Purchase of other investments	(23,251,240)	(14,480,606)
Proceeds from sale of other investments	16,701,517	9,646,752
Mortgage interest received	3,320,515	2,938,433
Interest paid on deposit notes (note 8)	(32,842)	(16,819)
Interest paid on promissory notes (note 9)	(77,657)	(81,831)
Interest paid on preferred shares (note 10)	(249)	(431)
Income taxes paid	18,540	(581,654)
	7,306,242	5,409,085
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities:		
Proceeds on issuance of deposit notes (note 8)	3,843,639	3,225,995
Repayment of deposit notes (note 8)	(5,362,426)	(1,563,242)
Proceeds on issuance of promissory notes (note 9)	8,148,475	12,511,333
Repayment of promissory notes (note 9)	(16,047,599)	(18,993,060)
Proceeds from issuance of preferred shares (note 10)	14,000	15,500
Repayment on redemption of preferred shares (note 10)	(54,000)	(81,000)
Change in due from related party (note 13)	1,121,948	893,099
Change in due nom related party (note 15)	(8,335,963)	(3,991,375)
	(0,000,000)	(0,001,070)
Cash flows used in investing activities:		
Purchase of capital assets	(78,142)	(395,224)
Proceeds on disposal of capital assets	4,179	· - /
Expenditures on land held for sale	(18,474)	(23,161)
<b>.</b>	(92,437)	(418,385)
Increase (decrease) in cash	(1,122,158)	999,325
Cash, beginning of year	9,134,593	8,135,267
Cash, end of year \$	8,012,435	\$ 9,134,592

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2022

### 1. Nature of organization:

CCMBC Legacy Fund Inc. (the "Legacy") was incorporated under the Canada Not-for-profit Corporations Act on July 30, 2015 and amended on May 30, 2016. Legacy is a registered charity within the meaning of the *Income Tax Act* and therefore is exempt from income taxes under Section 149(1) of the *Income Tax Act*. The sole member of Legacy is The Canadian Conference of Mennonite Brethren Church of North America (CCMBC).

Through its wholly-owned for-profit subsidiary, CCMBC Investments Ltd. (CCMBC Investments), Legacy's objective is to facilitate the raising of funds to accomplish the charitable purposes of CCMBC. CCMBC Investments issues redeemable preferred shares (preferred shares) and promissory notes (promissory notes) to facilitate the lending of money secured by mortgages for Mennonite Brethren Churches (MB Churches), pastors of Mennonite Brethren Churches (MB Church Pastors) and other Mennonite Brethren and affiliated institutions such as schools and camps (MB Church Entities). Any excess funds not required for lending are invested in other investments pursuant to specified investment guidelines. Legacy also provides accounting and payroll services to Canadian MB Churches and MB Church Entities and administers deposit notes for MB Churches and MB Church Entities. In addition, Legacy provides administration services for the Canadian Mennonite Brethren Pension Plan and the CCMBC's group benefits program.

These consolidated financial statements present the activities of Legacy and its wholly-owned subsidiaries CCMBC Investments and CCMBC Holdings Inc. (CCMBC Holdings). CCMBC Holdings is a for-profit entity that owns all of the shares in the following entities:

CP Printing Solutions Deer River Properties Inc. Crossfield Highways Development Inc.

## 2. Significant accounting policies:

(a) Basis of accounting:

The financial statements have been prepared using Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

(b) Revenue recognition:

Legacy follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Restricted contributions other than endowment contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are recognized. Contributions restricted for the purposes of capital assets are deferred and amortized into revenue at a rate corresponding with the related capital assets. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended December 31, 2022

### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

Interest on mortgage investments and other investments is recorded as income on an accrual basis, using the effective interest method. Rental revenue includes recovery of common area maintenance costs and is recognized on an accrual basis over the term to which it applies.

(c) Land held for sale:

Purchased land held for sale is recorded at cost. Costs that are directly attributable to development of the land are capitalized, provided that the carrying value does not exceed net realizable value.

(d) Capital assets:

Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost. Contributed capital assets are recorded at fair value at the date of contribution. Repairs and maintenance costs are charged to expense. Betterments which extend the estimated life of an asset are capitalized.

Legacy amortizes its capital assets as follows:



(e) Impairment of long-lived assets:

Capital assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable. When circumstances indicate that a capital asset is impaired, the net carrying amount of the capital asset is written down to the asset's fair value or replacement cost. The write-down of the asset is charged to income during the year. An impairment loss is not reversed if the fair value of the related asset subsequently increases.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### Year ended December 31, 2022

### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(f) Assets held for sale:

Long-lived assets are classified by Legacy as an asset held for sale at the point in time when the asset is available for immediate sale, management has committed to a plan to sell the asset and is actively locating a buyer for the asset at a sales price that is reasonable in relation to the current fair value of the asset, and the sale is probable and expected to be completed within a one-year period.

Assets to be disposed of are separately presented on the consolidated statement of financial position and reported at the lower of the carrying amount or fair value less costs to sell, and are no longer depreciated. The assets and liabilities of a disposal group classified as held for sale are presented separately in the appropriate asset and liability sections of the consolidated statement of financial position.

(g) Mortgage investments:

Mortgage investments are initially measured at fair value plus incremental direct transaction costs. Mortgage investments are subsequently re-measured at their amortized cost, net of allowance for credit losses, using the effective interest method. Interest income is accounted for on the accrual basis.

A mortgage is classified as impaired when, in management's opinion, there has been deterioration in credit quality to the extent that there is no longer reasonable assurance as to the timely collection of the full amount of principal and interest.

When a mortgage is classified as impaired the carrying amount of the mortgage is reduced to its estimated realizable amount. Estimated realizable amounts are measured by discounting the expected future cash flows, if they can be reasonably estimated, using the effective interest rate inherent in the mortgage. When the amounts and timing of cash flows cannot be reasonably estimated, the carrying amount of the mortgage is reduced to its estimated net realizable value based on either:

- (i) the fair value of any security underlying the mortgage, net of expected costs of realization or;
- (ii) observable market prices for the mortgage.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### Year ended December 31, 2022

### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(h) Allowance for credit losses:

Legacy maintains an allowance for credit losses which, in management's opinion, is adequate to absorb all credit related losses in its portfolio. The allowance for credit losses consists of specific provisions, being provisions against specific credit exposures determined on an item-by-item basis, and a general provision for losses which have occurred, but where such losses cannot be determined on an item-by-item basis.

In assessing existing credit losses, management must rely on estimates and exercise judgment regarding matters for which the ultimate outcome is unknown. Changes in circumstances may cause future assessments of credit risk to be significantly different than current assessments and may require an increase or decrease in the allowance for credit losses.

(i) Inventories:

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined on the first-in, first-out basis.

(j) Financial instruments:

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value on initial recognition. Freestanding derivative instruments that are not in a qualifying hedging relationship and equity instruments that are quoted in an active market are subsequently measured at fair value. All other financial instruments are subsequently recorded at cost or amortized cost, unless management has elected to carry the instruments at fair value. Legacy has elected to carry its other investments at fair value.

Transaction costs incurred on the acquisition of financial instruments measured subsequently at fair value are expensed as incurred. All other financial instruments are adjusted by transaction costs incurred on acquisition and financing costs, which are amortized using the straight-line method.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### Year ended December 31, 2022

### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

Financial assets are assessed for impairment on an annual basis at the end of the fiscal year if there are indicators of impairment. If there is an indicator of impairment, Legacy determines if there is a significant adverse change in the expected amount or timing of future cash flows from the financial asset. If there is a significant adverse change in the expected cash flows, the carrying value of the financial asset is reduced to the highest of the present value of the expected cash flows, the amount that could be realized from selling the financial asset or the amount Legacy expects to realize by exercising its right to any collateral. If events and circumstances reverse in a future period, an impairment loss will be reversed to the extent of the improvement, not exceeding the initial carrying value.

### (k) Income taxes:

The for-profit subsidiaries of Legacy use the future income taxes method of accounting for income taxes. Under the future income taxes method, future tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Future tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted or substantively enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on future tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the year that includes the date of enactment or substantive enactment. Refundable taxes that will be recovered on the payment of qualifying dividends are recognized as a future income tax asset.

A valuation allowance is recorded against any future income tax asset if it is more likely than not that the asset will not be realized. Income tax expense or benefit is the sum of the company's provision for the current income taxes and the difference between the opening and ending balances of the future income tax assets and liabilities.

(I) Government assistance:

Government assistance related to current expenses is included in the determination of net income for the period when the related expenditures are incurred. A liability to repay government assistance, if any, is recorded in the period in which the condition arises that causes the assistance to become repayable.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2022

### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(m) Use of estimates:

The preparation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the reporting period. Significant items subject to estimates and assumptions include the allowance for credit losses and the carrying amounts of capital assets and land held for sale. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates as additional information becomes available in the future.

## 3. Mortgage investments:

	2	022	:	2021	
	Principal	Accrued interest	Principal		Accrued interest
Mortgages investments \$ Allowance for credit losses	66,361,628 \$ (3,159,118)	140,281	\$ 76,104,245 (4,304,493)	\$	99,148
	63,202,510	140,281	71,799,752		99,148
	\$	63,342,791		\$	71,898,900

Legacy's mortgage investments consist of the following at December 31:

As at December 31, 2022, unadvanced mortgage commitments under the existing gross mortgage investments amounted to \$2,097,385 (2021 - \$3,974,589). The mortgage investments are secured by real property and will mature between 2023 and 2048. During the year ended December 31, 2022, Legacy generated net interest income of \$3,699,151 (2021 - \$3,420,131).

All mortgage investments bear interest at a variable rate. At December 31, 2022, the interest rate on mortgages to MB Churches and MB Church Entities is 5.90 percent (2021 - 3.90 percent) and for MB Church Pastors is 4.25 percent (2021 - 2.90 percent). Legacy reviews the interest rates every six months and adjusts the rates, as required, to ensure a positive difference between its outstanding promissory notes and the mortgage investments. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the weighted average interest rate earned on net mortgage investments was 5.81 percent (2021 - 3.85) percent.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### 3. Mortgage investments (continued):

A majority of the mortgage investments contain a prepayment option, whereby the borrower may repay the principal at any time prior to maturity without penalty or yield maintenance.

If not demanded, principal repayments by contractual maturity dates are expected as follows:

2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 and thereafter	\$ 2,391,479 1,687,282 1,790,915 1,871,673 58,620,279
	\$ 66,361,628

The provision for credit losses amounted to \$3,159,118 as at December 31, 2022 (2021 - \$4,304,493) which is recorded in mortgage investments on the statement of financial position. Certain mortgage investments held by Legacy do not have a provision for credit losses due to the value of the underlying collateral.

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company worked with borrowers on a caseby-case basis on deferral arrangements. At December 31, 2022, 3.9 percent (2021 - 1.1 percent) of borrowers (excluding those in default) were still on deferral arrangements or had not resumed their principal and interest payments. Additionally, the Company entered into mortgage agreements which modified the original mortgage agreements with two existing borrowers. Subsequent to December 31, 2022, deferral arrangements were entered into with an additional 6.5 percent of borrowers.

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the borrower for one mortgage in default disposed of their property and repaid their mortgage to the Company. This resulted in a reversal for the provision for credit losses of \$1,726,695.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### 3. Mortgage investments (continued):

The following table summarizes the mortgage investments and allowance for credit losses at December 31:

December 31, 2022	MB Churches	MB Church Entities	MB Church Pastors	Total
Mortgage investments, including interest				
receivable Allowance for credit losses	\$ 48,863,720 (2,242,959)	\$ 14,119,616 (813,089)	\$ 3,518,573 (103,070)	\$ 66,501,909 (3,159,118)
	\$ 46,620,761	\$ 13,306,527	\$ 3,415,503	\$ 63,342,791
December 31, 2021	MB Churches	MB Church Entities	MB Church Pastors	Total
Mortgage investments, including interest receivable	\$ 57,937,288 (2,202,024)	\$ 14,818,943	\$ 3,447,162	\$ 76,203,393
Allowance for credit losses	(3,393,921)	(786,254)	(124,318)	(4,304,493)
	\$ 54,543,367	\$ 14,032,689 \$	\$ 3,322,844	71,898,900

The internal risk ratings presented in the table below are defined as follows:

Low risk: Mortgage investments that have lower credit risk than Legacy's risk appetite and credit standards and that have a below average probability of default.

Medium-low risk: Mortgage investments that are typical for Legacy's risk appetite and credit standards and retain a below average probability of default.

Medium-high risk: Mortgage investments that are within Legacy's risk appetite and credit standards and retain an average probability of default.

High risk: Mortgage investments within Legacy's risk appetite and credit standards that have an additional element of credit risk that could result in an above average probability of default.

Default: Mortgage investments that are 90 days past due and when there is objective evidence that there has been a deterioration of credit quality to the extent Legacy no longer has reasonable assurance as to the timely collection of the full amount of principal and interest and/or when Legacy has commenced enforcement remedies available to it under its contractual agreements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

## 3. Mortgage investments (continued):

The following table presents the gross carrying amounts of mortgage investments by internal risk ratings used by Legacy for credit risk management purposes:

December 31, 2022	MB	Churches	MB Church Entities	MB Church Pastors	Total
Low risk		1,248,004	\$ -, -,	\$	\$ 16,524,781
Medium-low risk Medium-high risk		20,859,078 4,775,762	7,777,378	1,989,182 1,168,045	30,625,638 5,943,807
High risk Default		9,186,117 2,794,759	_ 1,065,461	310,918 50,428	9,497,035 3,910,648
Mortgage investments	4	8,863,720	 14,119,616	3,518,573	 66,501,909
Allowance for credit losses	(	2,242,959)	(813,089)	(103,070)	(3,159,118)
Mortgage investments	\$4	6,620,761	\$ 13,306,527	\$ 3,415,503	\$ 63,342,791

		MB Church	MB Church	
December 31, 2021	MB Churches	Entities	Pastors	Total
Low risk	\$ 26,600,255	\$ 6,170,051	\$ -	\$ 32,770,306
Medium-low risk	13,537,818	6,641,565	1,215,645	21,395,028
Medium-high risk	10,863,491	948,058	1,723,490	13,535,039
High risk	1,326,192	_	439,986	1,766,178
Default	5,609,532	1,059,269	68,041	6,736,842
Mortgage investments	57,937,288	14,818,943	3,447,162	76,203,393
Allowance for credit losses	(3,393,921)	(786,254)	(124,318)	(4,304,493)
Mortgage investments	\$ 54,543,367	\$ 14,032,689	\$ 3,322,844	\$ 71,898,900
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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

## 3. Mortgage investments (continued):

Geographic analysis:

December 31, 2022	N	IB Churches	MB Church Entities	MB Church Pastors	Total
British Columbia Ontario Alberta Saskatchewan Manitoba Quebec Atlantic Provinces	\$	32,069,892 4,215,236 6,232,268 135,772 3,808,751 40,604 118,238	\$ 5,734,742 6,938,169 252,588 78,116 - 302,912 -	\$ 1,033,786 \$ 1,159,250 - 227,099 474,582 520,786 -	38,838,420 12,312,655 6,484,856 440,987 4,283,333 864,302 118,238
	\$	46,620,761	\$ 13,306,527	\$ 3,415,503 \$	63,342,791

December 31, 2021	MB Churches	MB Church Entities	MB Church Pastors	Total
British Columbia	\$ 37,779,757	\$ 6,084,860	\$  1,384,640	\$ 45,249,257
Ontario	6,094,768	7,464,187	640,906	14,199,861
Alberta	6,255,477	88,197	_	6,343,674
Saskatchewan	250,868	85,025	262,101	597,994
Manitoba	3,989,877	–	488,550	4,478,427
Quebec	49,608	310,420	546,647	906,675
Atlantic Provinces	123,012	–	–	123,012
	\$ 54,543,367	\$ 14,032,689	\$ 3,322,844	\$ 71,898,900

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

#### 4. Other investments:

Other investments are comprised of the following at December 31:

	2022				2021		
	Cost		Fair Value		Cost	Fair Value	
\$	41,161,319 29,394,999 - 1,890,611 636,599 496,271 242,761 700,000	\$	40,726,917 29,677,183 - 1,703,645 556,748 504,000 197,410 700,000	\$	41,611,788 21,826,099 1,040,088 2,458,420 260,715 451,171 271,986 600,000	\$	41,355,224 21,991,031 1,116,859 2,440,907 277,281 459,545 279,865 600,000
¢	74 522 560	¢	74 065 903	¢	68 520 267	¢	68,520,712
	-	<pre>\$ 41,161,319 29,394,999 1,890,611 636,599 496,271 242,761 700,000</pre>	Cost \$ 41,161,319 \$ 29,394,999 1,890,611 636,599 496,271 242,761 700,000	Cost         Fair Value           \$ 41,161,319         \$ 40,726,917           29,394,999         29,677,183           1,890,611         1,703,645           636,599         556,748           496,271         504,000           242,761         197,410	Cost         Fair Value           \$ 41,161,319         \$ 40,726,917         \$           29,394,999         29,677,183         \$           1,890,611         1,703,645         \$           636,599         556,748         \$           496,271         504,000         \$           242,761         197,410         \$           700,000         700,000         \$	CostFair ValueCost\$ 41,161,319\$ 40,726,917\$ 41,611,78829,394,99929,677,18321,826,0991,040,0881,890,6111,703,6452,458,420636,599556,748260,715496,271504,000451,171242,761197,410271,986700,000700,000600,000	Cost         Fair Value         Cost           \$ 41,161,319         \$ 40,726,917         \$ 41,611,788         \$ 29,394,999         29,677,183         21,826,099         1,040,088           1,890,611         1,703,645         2,458,420         636,599         556,748         260,715           636,599         556,748         260,715         496,271         504,000         451,171           242,761         197,410         271,986         700,000         600,000

The funds in which Legacy invests (Investee Funds) are managed by asset managers who apply various investment strategies to accomplish their respective investments objectives. These objectives include generating income and cash flow along with capital appreciation by investing in fixed income securities, mortgages and equities. The Investee Funds also invest in underlying funds. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, Legacy invests in two (2021 - six) private fixed income funds, two (2021 - two) private mortgage funds and one (2021 - nil) equity fund. Legacy can redeem their investment in the Investee Funds ranging from weekly to semi-annually.

The guaranteed income certificates have interest rates ranging from 1.60 percent to 4.12 percent (2021 - ranging from 1.30 percent to 1.85 percent) and mature between March 2023 and June 2024 (2021 - March 2022 and March 2023). At December 31, 2022, the weighted average interest rate is 2.96 percent (2021 - 1.63 percent). The preferred shares have coupon rates ranging from 3.90 percent to 4.70 percent.

The par value of the corporate bonds and convertible debentures at December 31, 2022 is \$2,400,000 (2021 - \$2,950,000). The corporate bonds and convertible debentures have interest rates ranging from 3.15 percent to 7.85 percent (2021 - ranging from 3.15 percent to 7.85 percent) and mature between December 2024 and October 2032 (2021 - between May 2023 and October 2032).

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### 4. Other investments (continued):

Maturities and interest rates of the corporate bonds and convertible debentures are as follows:

December 31, 2022					Weighted
Under	1 - 5	6 - 10	Over 10		average
one year	years	years	years	Total	yield
\$ -	\$ 1,308,750 \$	898,895	\$ –	\$ 2,207,645	4.81%

December 31, 2	2021					Weighted
	Under	1 - 5	6 - 10	Over 10		average
	one year	years	years	years	Total	yield
\$	-	\$ 1,060,935	\$ 1,545,199	\$ 294,318 \$	2,900,452	4.36%

## 5. Capital assets:

Legacy's capital assets consist of the following at December 31, 2022:

	A lated		
	Accumulated	Net book	Net book
Cost	amortization	value	value
\$ 1,109,453	\$ –	\$ 1,109,453	\$ 1,109,453
46,681	_	46,681	46,681
3,357,751	556,563	2,801,188	2,929,053
112,190	81,676	30,514	46,978
45,391	28,598	16,793	23,081
5,163	4,556	607	812
¢ 4.676.600	¢ 671.202	¢ 4.005.006	\$ 4,156,058
	\$ 1,109,453 46,681 3,357,751 112,190 45,391	\$ 1,109,453 \$ - 46,681 - 3,357,751 556,563 112,190 81,676 45,391 28,598 5,163 4,556	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

## 6. Operating facility and guarantee:

On August 22, 2021, and as amended October 25, 2021 and May 6, 2022, Legacy entered into a Letter of Agreement with the Bank of Montreal which provides for an operating facility for use by Legacy in the aggregate amount of \$1,250,000 (2021 - \$1,250,000), bearing interest at prime. The operating facility is secured by a general security agreement over the assets of Legacy and its subsidiaries, a \$1,275,000 (2021 - \$1,275,000) corporate guarantee from CCMBC, a general security agreement over the assets of CCMBC, and by the corporate bonds and guaranteed income certificates held by Legacy (note 4). As at December 31, 2022 and 2021, the operating facility was unutilized.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2022

### 6. Operating facility and guarantee (continued):

In addition, On May 6, 2021, CCMBC Investments entered into a Letter of Agreement with the Bank of Montreal providing for an operating facility in the amount of \$1,500,000 (2021 - \$1,500,000) which bears interest at the prime rate and is repayable on demand. The operating facility is secured by a general security agreement over the assets of CCMBC Investments, a \$1,500,000 (2021 - \$1,500,000) corporate guarantee from Legacy, CCMBC and CCMBC Holdings Inc., a pledge of securities and accounts from Legacy and general security agreements over the assets of Legacy, CCMBC and CCMBC Holdings Inc. As at December 31, 2022 and 2021, the operating facility was unutilized.

## 7. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities:

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities is \$5,395 (2021 - 3,802) for government remittances.

## 8. Deposit notes:

Legacy issues deposit notes to MB Churches and MB Church Entities. All deposit notes are due on demand and bear interest at a variable rate of interest which is determined at July 1 and December 31 of each year. The deposit notes bear interest at a variable rate. At December 31, 2022, the interest rate on the notes ranged between 1.60 percent and 3.15 percent (2021 - 1.40 percent)

The following table summarizes activity for the deposit notes for the years ending December 31, 2022 and 2021:

	Note	2022	2021
Balance, beginning of year Deposit notes issued Deposit notes repaid Interest on deposit notes Interest paid	\$	31,110,368 3,843,639 (5,362,426) 744,607 (32,842)	\$ 29,044,791 3,225,995 (1,563,242) 419,643 (16,819)
Balance, end of year	\$	30,303,346	\$ 31,110,368

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2022

### 9. Promissory notes:

CCMBC Investments is authorized to issue an unlimited number of promissory notes which can be issued in one or more series. The initial minimum subscription amount for each holder of a promissory note is \$2,500. The promissory notes are payable on demand and bear interest at a variable interest rate which is determined on January 1 and July 1 of each year. The variable interest rate is equal to the overnight lending rate of the Bank of Canada plus 115 basis points. Interest is compounded and payable on a semi-annual basis on June 30 and December 31 of each year. The payment of the demand promissory notes will be limited to available cash, and CCMBC Investments will use reasonable commercial efforts to cover such requests, but will not be required to sell assets or borrow money in order to fund such payments.

On December 20, 2022, CCMBC Investments amended the terms and conditions of the promissory notes to allow for additional interest to be paid at the discretion of CCMBC Investments. Effective January 1, 2022 to June 30, 2022, the interest rate on the promissory notes was increased by 20 basis points to 135 basis points above the overnight lending rate of the Bank of Canada. Effective July 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022, the interest rate on the promissory notes was increased by an additional 30 basis points to 165 basis points above the overnight lending rate of the Bank of Canada.

		2022	2021
Promissory notes Less transaction costs	\$	121,213,177 (266,038)	\$ 126,269,189 (422,023)
	\$	120,947,139	\$ 125,847,166

The following table summarizes the promissory notes as at December 31, 2022 and 2021:

The following table summarizes activity for the promissory notes for the years ending December 31:

	Note	2022	2021
Balance, beginning of year Promissory notes issued Transfer from preferred shares Promissory notes repaid Amortization of transaction costs Interest on promissory notes Transfer of interest on preferred shares Interest paid	10 10	<pre>\$ 125,847,166 8,148,475 8,000 (16,047,599) 155,985 2,906,519 6,250 (77,657)</pre>	\$ 130,427,625 12,511,333 8,500 (18,993,060) 141,912 1,825,957 6,730 (81,831)
		\$ 120,947,139	\$ 125,847,166

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2022

### 10. Preferred shares:

Preferred shares are issued on the first \$500 invested by an investor in CCMBC Investments with the remainder invested in promissory notes. The preferred shares are redeemable at the option of the holder for \$1, with a minimum of fourteen days' notice to CCMBC Investments. The preferred shares are not entitled to vote at any meetings of shareholders, except where otherwise provided by the Canada Business Corporations Act, and, in such case, they shall then be entitled to one vote for each preferred share held. The preferred shares are entitled in each financial year of CCMBC Investments, cumulative dividends at a rate equal to 1 percent of the redemption amount of \$1 per preferred share. Individual holders of preferred shares must subscribe for 500 preferred shares and no holder of preferred shares can hold more than 500 preferred shares.

The following table summarizes the preferred shares at December 31:

	2022				2021		
	Number		Amount	Number		Amount	
Authorized: Unlimited preferred shares, non-voting, cumulative dividend entitlement of 1 percent of the redemption amount annually, redeemable at the option of the holder for \$1	630,500	\$	630,500	678,500	\$	678,500	

The following table summarizes activity for the preferred shares:

Note		2022		2021
	\$	678,500	\$	752,500
9		(8,000)		15,500 (8,500)
		(54,000) 6,499		(81,000) 7,161
9		(249) (6.250)		(431) (6,730)
-	¢		¢	678,500
_	9	\$	\$ 678,500 14,000 9 (8,000) (54,000) 6,499 (249)	$\begin{array}{cccccccc} & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & $

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### 11. Deferred contributions related to capital assets:

Deferred contributions related to capital assets represent the unamortized amount of donated capital assets. The amortization of capital contributions is recorded as revenue in the statement of operations.

				2022	2021
	Desetions	Recognized		Ending	Ending
	Donations		n revenue	balance	balance
Buildings Computer equipment Office equipment Parking lot	\$ 2,459,823 13,969 17,358 3,958	\$	176,209 8,992 6,288 205	\$ 2,283,614 4,977 11,070 3,753	\$ 2,459,823 13,969 17,358 3,958
	\$ 2,495,108	\$	191,694	\$ 2,303,414	\$ 2,495,108

### 12. Investment management fees:

CCMBC Investments and Legacy have entered into Investment Management and Distribution Agreements with a third party that can be cancelled at any time on written notice without penalty. The investment management fees are based on a percentage of the respective assets under management of each of CCMBC Investments and Legacy as defined in the Investment Management and Distribution Agreements.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company incurred investment management fees of \$645,957 (2021 - \$660,427) related this agreement.

## 13. Related party transactions:

At December 31, 2022, Legacy had a receivable in the amount of \$1,127,793 (2021 - \$2,249,741) from CCMBC which is due on demand with no specified terms of repayment. During the year ended December 31, 2022, Legacy received a cash payment in the amount of \$1,121,948 (2021 - \$1,000,000) from CCMBC to reduce the amount receivable. Subsequent to December 31, 2022 year, Legacy received \$500,000 from the Conference to reduce the amount receivable to \$627,793.

At December 31, 2022, Legacy has a payable in the amount of \$141,832 (2021 - \$561,443) due to CCMBC relating to contributions to the employee pension plan and premiums on the group benefit plan administered by CCMBC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2022

### 13. Related party transactions (continued):

At December 31, 2022, Legacy has a receivable in the amount of \$102,305 (2021 - nil) due from Canadian Mennonite Brethren Pension Plan (CMBPP) relating to administrative expenses paid by Legacy on behalf CMBPP. The payable is due on demand with no specified terms of repayment.

At December 31, 2022, Legacy holds \$1,397,696 (2021 - \$2,283,725) on deposit from CCMBC which bears interest at a variable rate of interest, 3.15 percent (2021 - 1.40 percent) at December 31, 2022.

During the year ended December 31, 2022, Legacy provided accounting and payroll services to CCMBC for nil (2021 - \$50,000). Additionally, during the year ended December 31, 2022, Legacy donated \$996,204 (2021 - \$117,570) to CCMBC which is included in donation to related party in the consolidated statement of operations.

These transactions are measured at the exchange amount which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

## 14. Employee pension plan:

Legacy is a participant of a money purchase pension plan. Members of the plan include employees of Legacy. The cost of funding the plan is shared by employee and employer. The rate of employer contributions to the fund in 2022 was 5 percent (2021 - 5 percent) of the employee salaries. The pension expense for the year ended December 31, 2022 was \$47,903 (2021 - \$45,183).

### 15. Financial risks:

(a) Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. Legacy is exposed to interest rate risk on its investments in private fixed income funds and mortgage investments.

As of December 31, 2022, \$63,342,791 (2021 - \$71,898,900) of net mortgage investments bear interest at variable rates. If there were a decrease or increase of 1 percent in interest rates, with all other variables constant, the impact from variable rate mortgage investments would be a decrease or increase in revenue over expenditures of approximately \$689,000 (2021 - \$759,000).

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2022

### 15. Financial risks (continued):

As of December 31, 2022, \$120,947,139 (2021 - \$125,847,166) of promissory notes and \$30,303,346 (2021 - \$31,110,368) of deposit notes bear interest at variable rates. If there was a decrease or increase of 1 percent in interest rates, with all other variables constant, the impacting from variable rate promissory notes and deposit notes would be a increase or decrease in revenue over expenditures of approximately \$1,537,000 (2021 - \$1,609,000).

Legacy manages its sensitivity to interest rate fluctuations by managing the interest rate spread between its promissory notes and mortgage investments.

Legacy is also exposed to interest rate risk through its investments in Investee Funds (note 4).

The Investee Funds are exposed to interest rate risk through their investments in interestbearing financial instruments and in underlying funds exposed to interest rate risk. Two of the Investee Funds have high-yield (or below investment grade) exposure to mortgages and therefore net assets tend to be affected more by changes in economic growth than changes in interest rates.

## (b) Other price risk:

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value of the financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether caused by factors specific to an individual investment, its issuer or factors affecting all instruments traded in the market or market segment.

The maximum risk resulting from financial instruments held by Legacy is determined by the fair value of the financial instruments. Legacy moderates this risk through careful selection of its investments within the parameters of the investment strategy.

For Legacy, the most significant exposure to other price risk arises from the investment in equity securities and a private equity fund. As at December 31, 2022, had the prices increased or decreased by 10 percent, all other variables held constant, net income would have increased or decrease by approximately \$28,555 (2021 - \$128,000).

(c) Currency risk:

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Legacy has no significant direct exposure to currency risk at December 31, 2022 and 2021 or indirect exposure at December 31, 2021. Legacy does have indirect exposure to currency risk through its investment in Investee Funds at December 31, 2022.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### Year ended December 31, 2022

### 15. Financial risks (continued):

(d) Credit risk:

Credit risk is the risk that a borrower may be unable to honour its debt commitments as a result of a negative change in market conditions that could result in a loss to Legacy. Legacy mitigates this risk by the following:

- adhering to the mortgage investment policies and investment guidelines (subject to certain duly approved exceptions);
- (ii) ensuring all new mortgage investments over a pre-determined threshold are approved by the Board of Directors, and by appropriate members of management below a pre-determined threshold before funding; and
- (iii) actively monitoring the mortgage investments and initiating recovery procedures, in a timely manner, where required.

The exposure to credit risk at December 31, 2022 relating to net mortgages amounts to \$63,342,791 (2021 - \$71,898,900) and for accounts receivable amounts to \$199,353 (2021 - \$158,947). Legacy has recourse under these mortgages in the event of default by the borrower; in which case, Legacy would have a claim against the underlying collateral. Management believes that the potential loss from credit risk with respect to cash that is held at a Schedule 1 bank to be minimal.

Legacy is also exposed to credit risk through its investments in Investee Funds (note 4).

The private fixed income Investee Funds, which represent 100 percent (2021 – approximately 75 percent) of the investment in private fixed income funds, are exposed to credit risk through investments in debt securities, mortgage loans and promissory notes. The mortgage loans are secured by all assets of the borrower as defined by general security agreements which may be subordinate to other lenders.

For one of the other private fixed income Investee Funds, it is exposed to credit risk through direct investment in debt securities and for the other two private fixed income Investee Funds, they are indirectly exposed to credit risk through investment in underlying funds that are exposed to credit risk.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

### Year ended December 31, 2022

### 15. Financial risks (continued):

(e) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that Legacy will encounter difficulty in meeting financial obligations as they become due. This risk arises in normal operations from fluctuations in cash flow as a result of the timing of mortgage investment advances and repayments and the need for working capital. Management routinely forecasts future cash flow sources and requirements to ensure cash is efficiently utilized.

Legacy's deposit notes, promissory notes and preferred shares are due on demand. The payment of the demand promissory notes will be limited to available cash, and the Company will use reasonable commercial efforts to cover such request, but will not be will not be required to sell assets or borrow money in order to fund such payments. All of the rest of Legacy's financial liabilities are due within one year.

Legacy is also exposed to liquidity risk through its investments in Investee Funds (note 4).

The fixed income Investee Funds are exposed to liquidity risk through weekly or monthly cash redemptions on their units and therefore they invest the majority or a portion of assets in investments and underlying funds that can be readily disposed of. The mortgage Investee Funds are exposed to liquidity risk through monthly or semi-annual cash redemptions on their units and therefore use cash flow projections to forecast funding requirements on mortgage proposals and anticipated redemption of units and my also enter into loan facilities with one or more Canadian chartered banks to hedge the liquidity risk of redemptions.

A portion of the amounts invested in underlying funds are subject to redemption restrictions exercisable by the manager of the underlying fund to manage extraordinary liquidity pressures which includes the ability to suspend redemptions or withhold varying amounts of any redemption requested.

### 16. Subsequent event:

On March 2, 2023, Legacy sold certain land held for sale with a carrying amount of \$5,281,492 at December 31, 2022 for cash proceeds of \$5,700,000.